# Improve Your Sleep with Cognitive Behavioral Therapy



**MODULE 3** 

Video modules created and presented by:

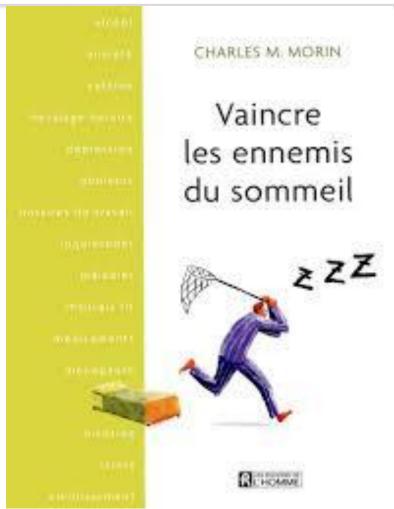
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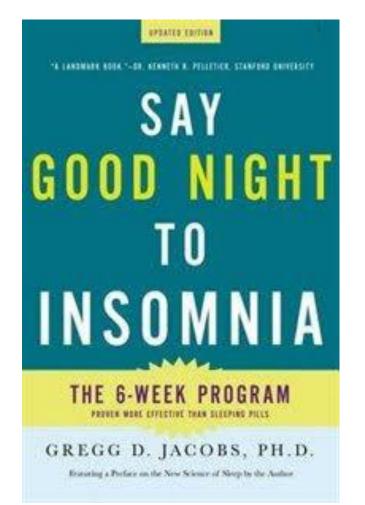
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#### References







#### DISCLAIMER

 This information is presented for educational purposes only and does not constitute a diagnostic opinion nor does it replace a therapeutic relationship.

 The content presented is empirically validated. Nonetheless, the exactness of every statement cannot be guaranteed.

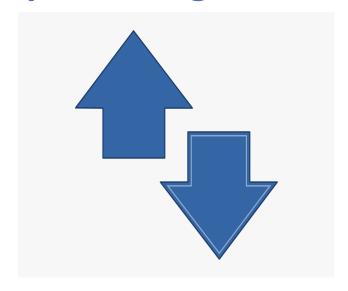
#### **Concepts presented:**

- 1. Impact of thoughts on sleep
- 2. Becoming well-informed about sleep
- 3. Sleep loss & core sleep
- 4. Perceived vs. actual sleep duration
- 5. Insomnia & mood
- 6. Cognitive restructuring
- 7. Sleeping pills

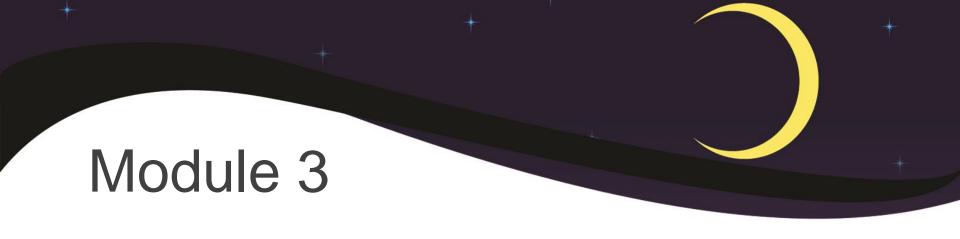


### Module 3 Concept 1 – Cognitive Restructuring

#### Unhelpful thoughts about sleep



**Insomnia** 



### Recognizing and replacing unhelpful thoughts about sleep



Cognitive restructuring

#### Concept 2

- Becoming well-informed about sleep



Review:

The 8 Hour Myth



#### Concept 2

Becoming well-informed about sleep



Review:

**Sleep Loss & Daytime Performance** 

#### Concept 3

- Sleep loss and core sleep





#### **Concept 4**

- Perceived vs. actual sleep duration



#### Reminder:

Overestimation time to fall asleep Underestimation time asleep



#### Concept 5 – Insomnia & Mood

#### Reminder:

- Irritability
- Impact unhelpful thoughts
- Combinaison lack of sleep & irritability



#### Concept 6

Cognitive Restructuring

Changing our thoughts about sleep





#### 1. I will never fall asleep

Constructive thoughts:

 I am more likely to fall asleep as my body temperature falls throughout the night.

My brain wants to obtain my core sleep.



- 2. I woke up in the middle of the night or early morning and feel wide awake. This means I will not be able to fall back to sleep.
- It's normal to initially feel alert if I awaken at the beginning or end of dream; drowsiness will soon follow.
- If I awaken after about five and a half hours of sleep, I obtained my core sleep. If I do not fall back to sleep, I will be okay.



#### 3. I will not be able to function tomorrow.

 In most cases, the worst thing that may happen if I do not sleep well is that I may not be in the best mood during the day.

 My functioning will improve during the day as my body temperature rises.



#### 4. I must get eight hours of sleep.

 Sleep requirements vary from person to person.

 Sleeping seven hours per night is associated with the longest life expectancy.



#### 5. My insomnia will cause health problems.

 There is no cause-and-effect evidence that insomnia causes any significant health problems.



#### 6. I slept very little or not at all last night.

I am probably getting more sleep than I think I am.



### 7. I can't fall asleep without a sleeping pill.

 As I learn these CBT techniques, I will fall asleep more easily on my own.



### 8. I feel awful today because I did not sleep well.

 My daytime functioning is due in part to my unhelpful sleep thoughts. If I minimize my these thoughts, it will improve my daytime functioning.



#### 9. I will never learn to sleep better.

 These techniques work for most people with insomnia, they will work for me.

 My sleep will get better as I learn these CBT techniques.



### 10. What is wrong with me? I must have a psychological problem.

 Most cases of insomnia are due to learned thoughts and behaviors, not mental health problems.

## Module 3 Concept 7 – Sleeping Pills

Speak to your healthcare professional if you'd like to reduce or stop taking them.

- Decrease dose at your own pace
- Gradually, to avoid rebound insomnia



